

(2025.06.28. revised)

# Comparison Evaluation of SMD type NTC Thermistor

NTCサーミスタ比較試験結果報告Vol.2



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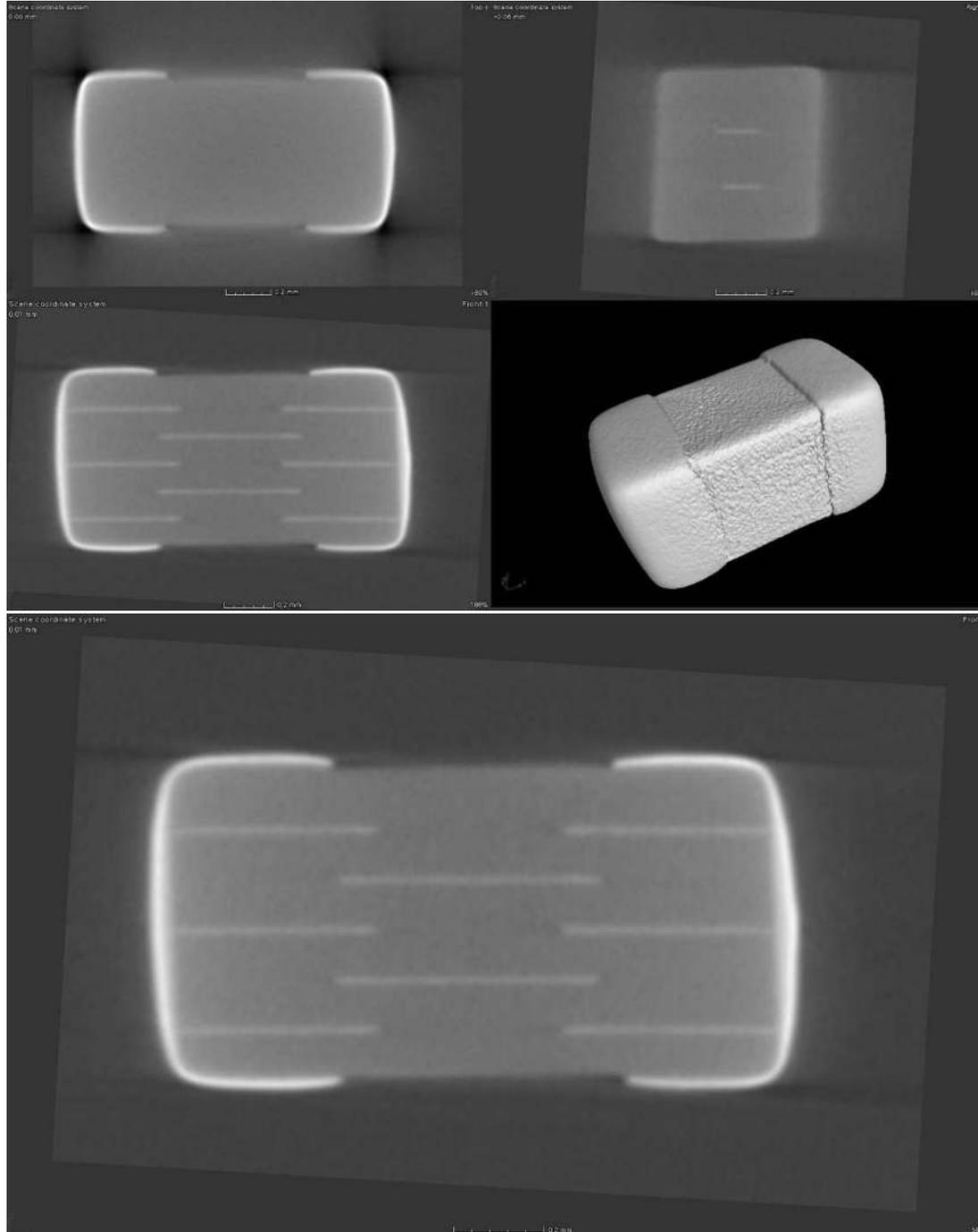
# III. X-ray analyses

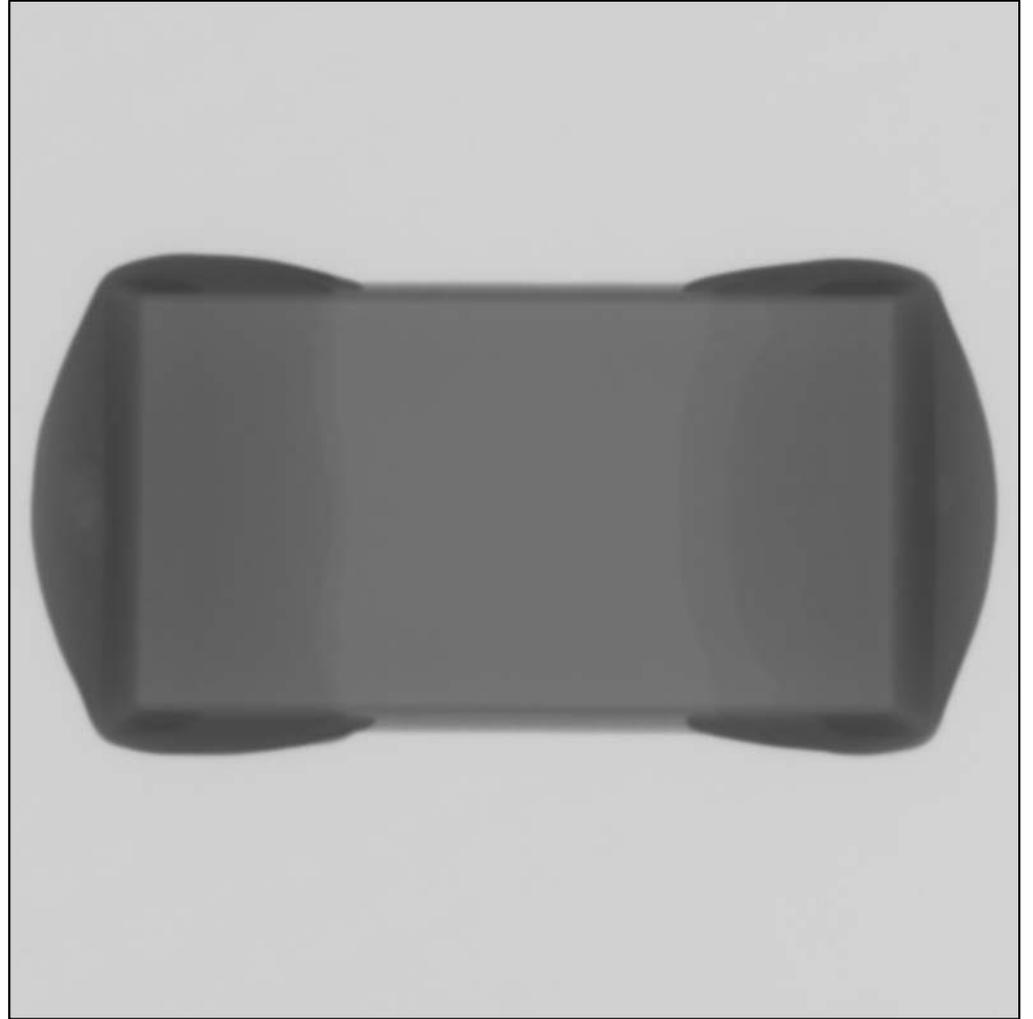
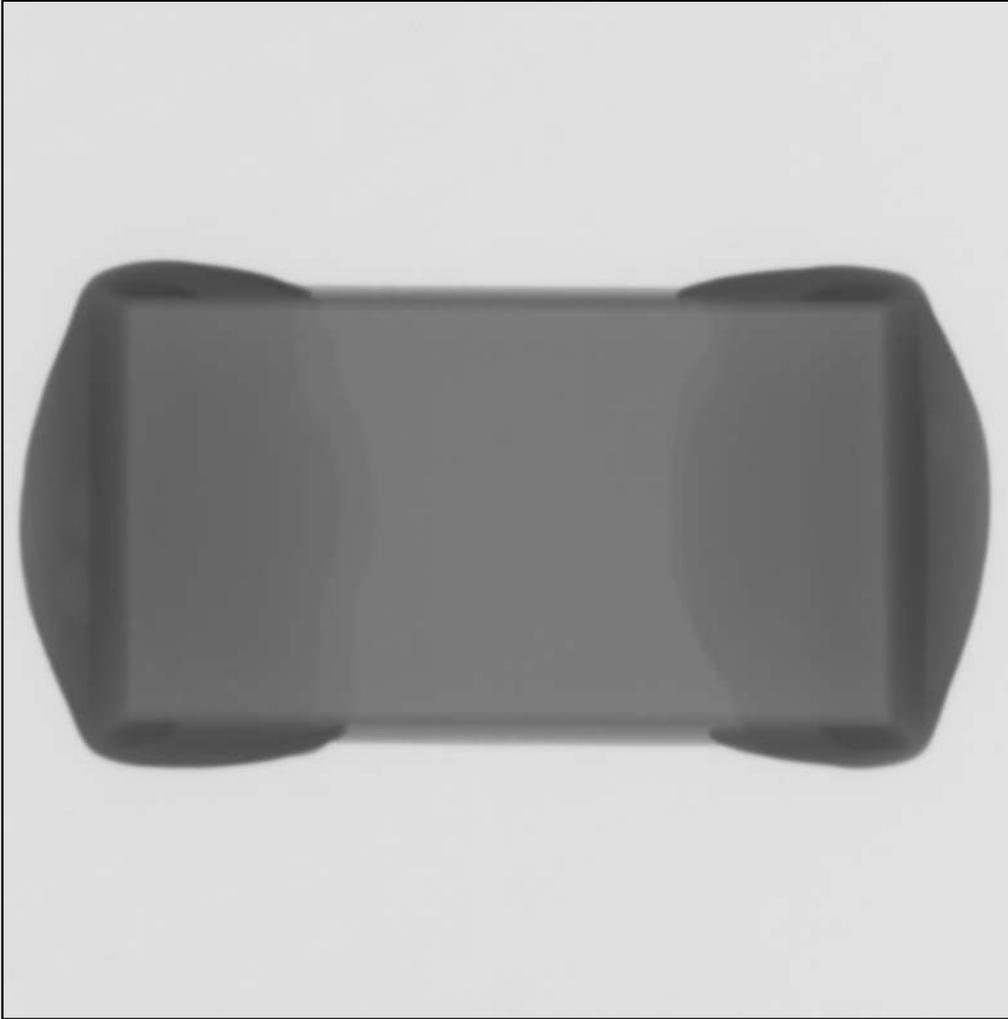


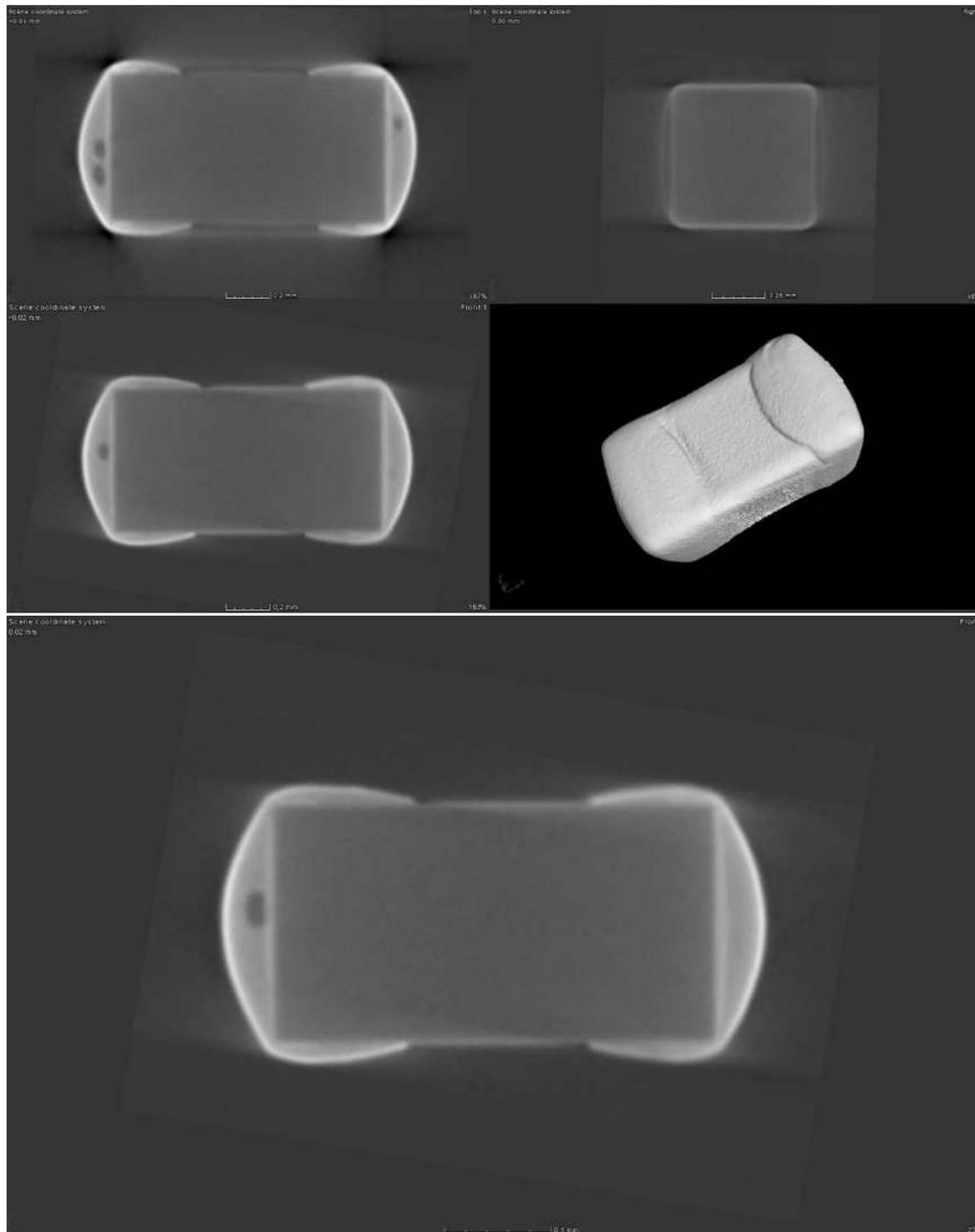
Specimen	X-ray analyses			
A				
B				
C				



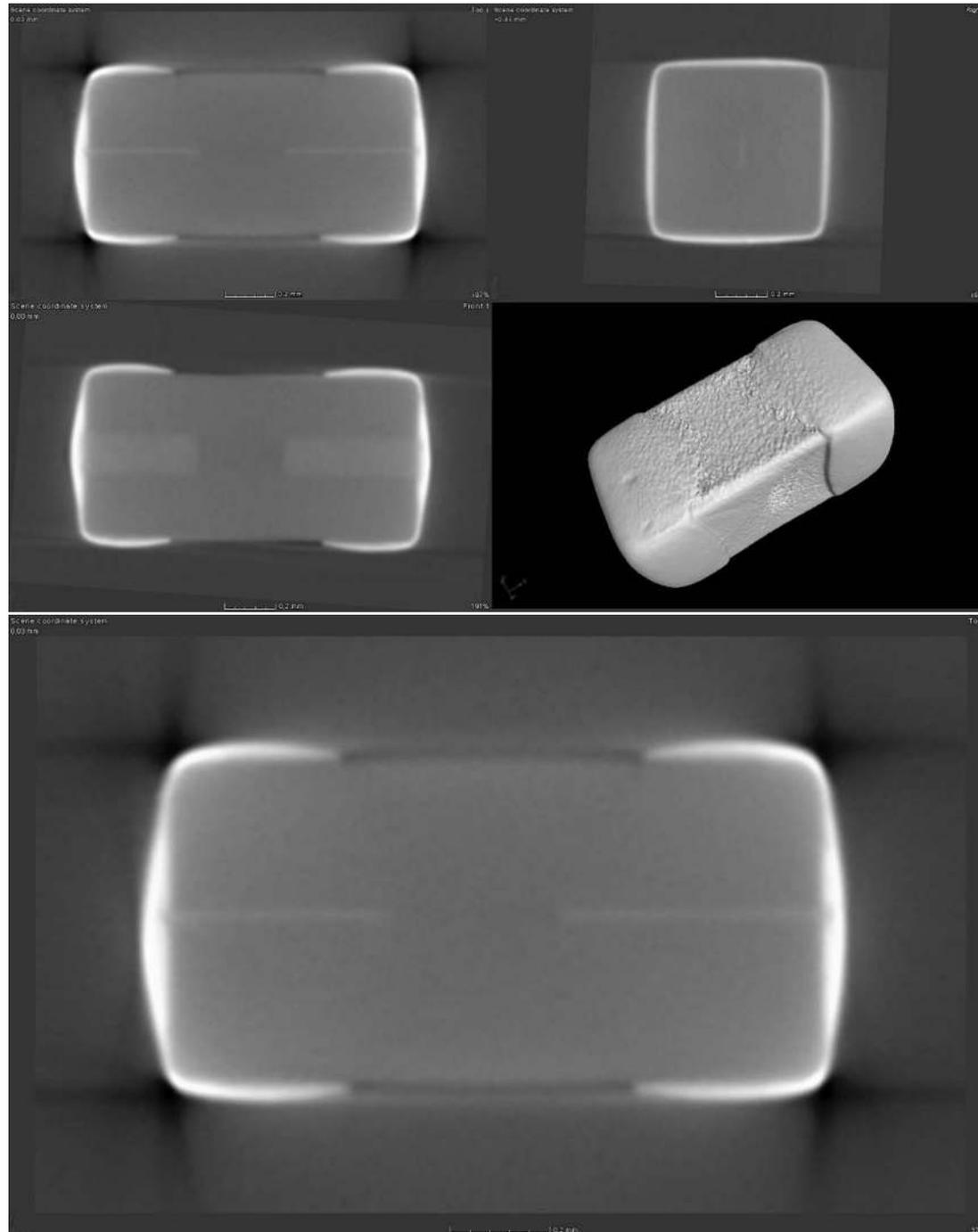
# A社





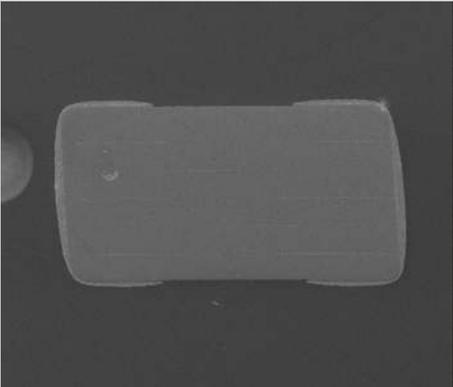
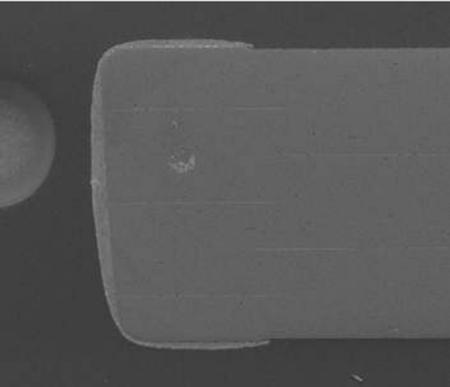
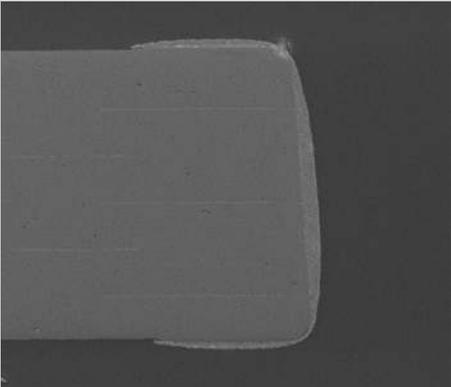
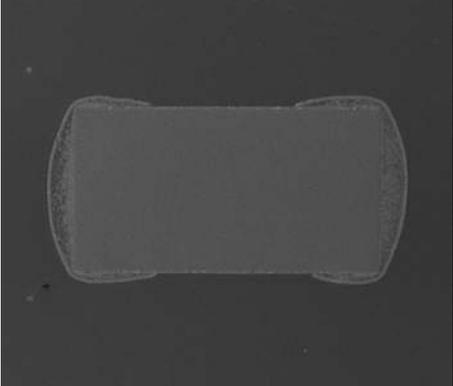
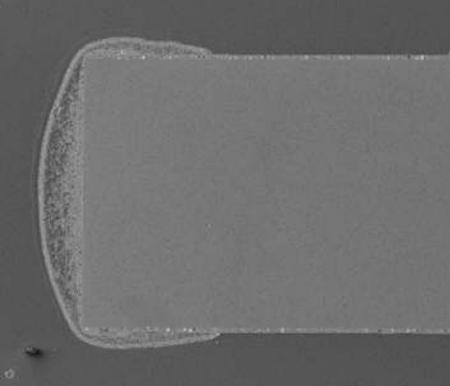
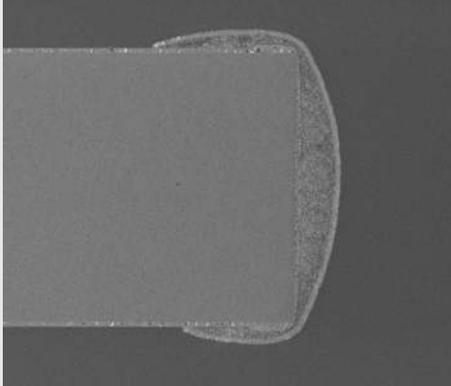
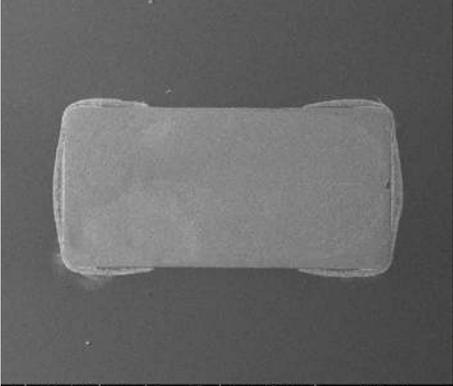
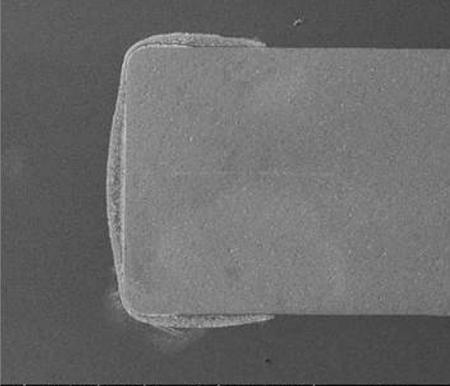
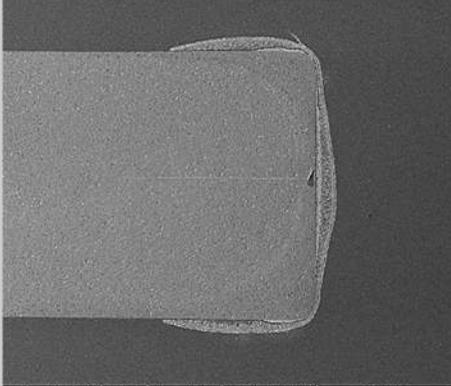


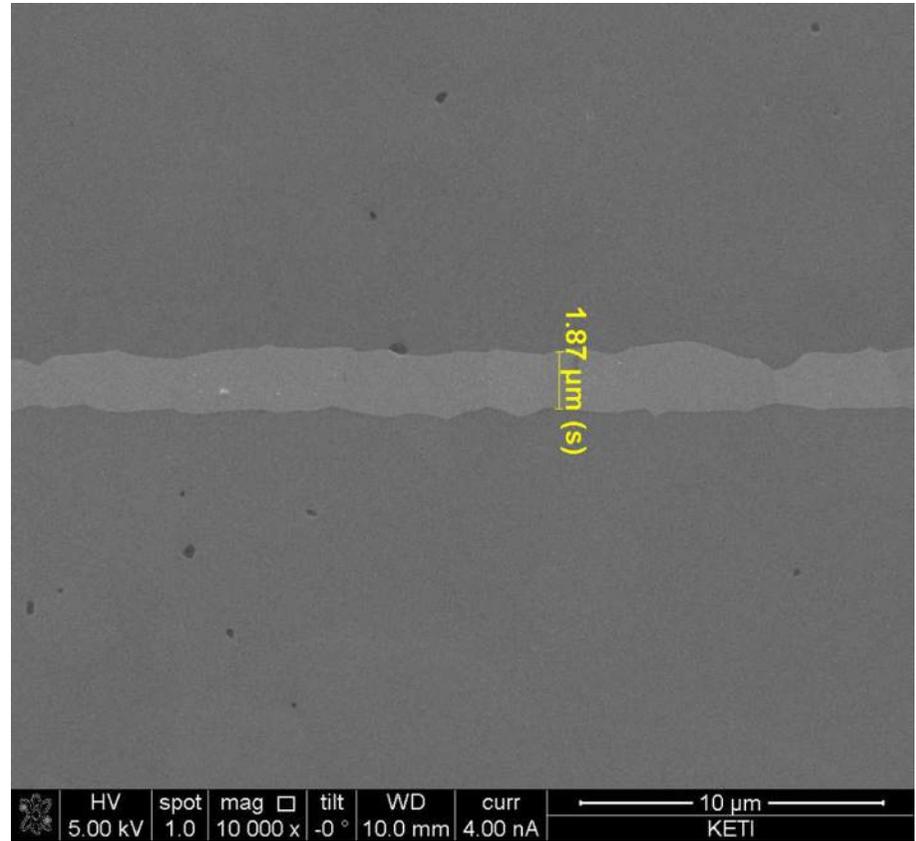
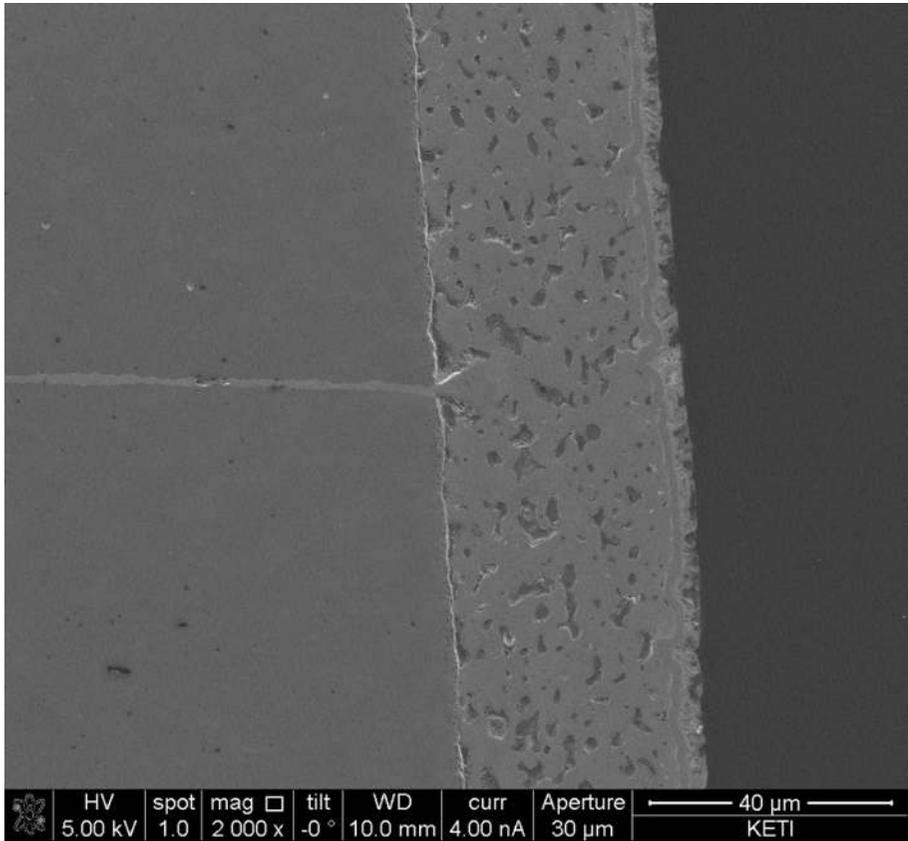


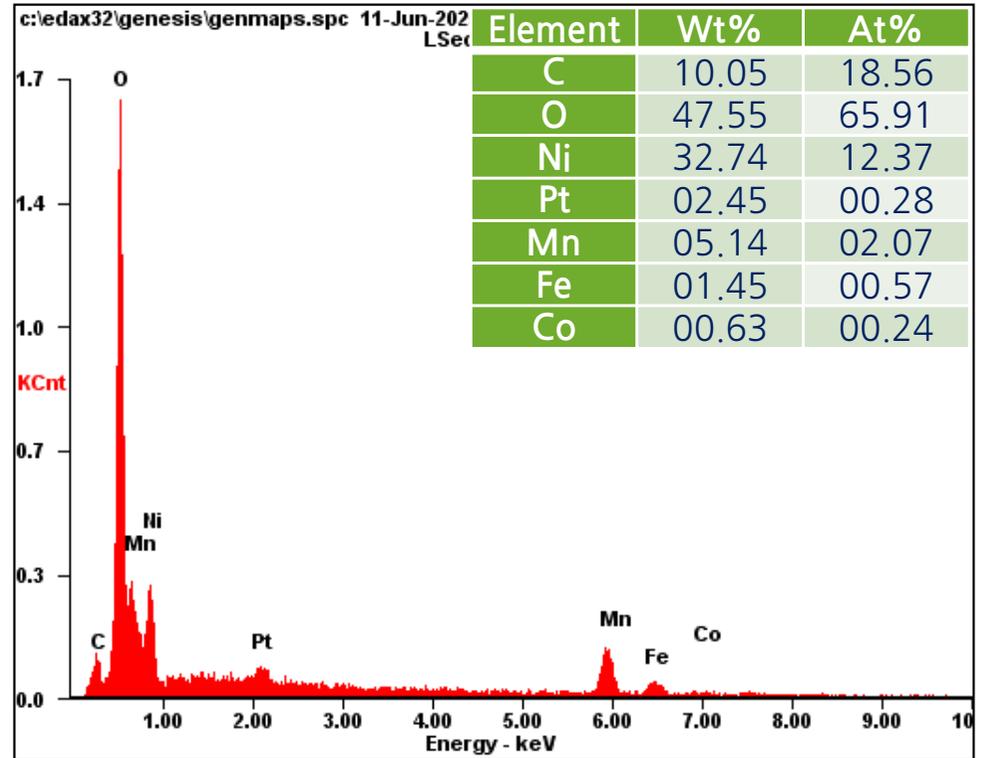
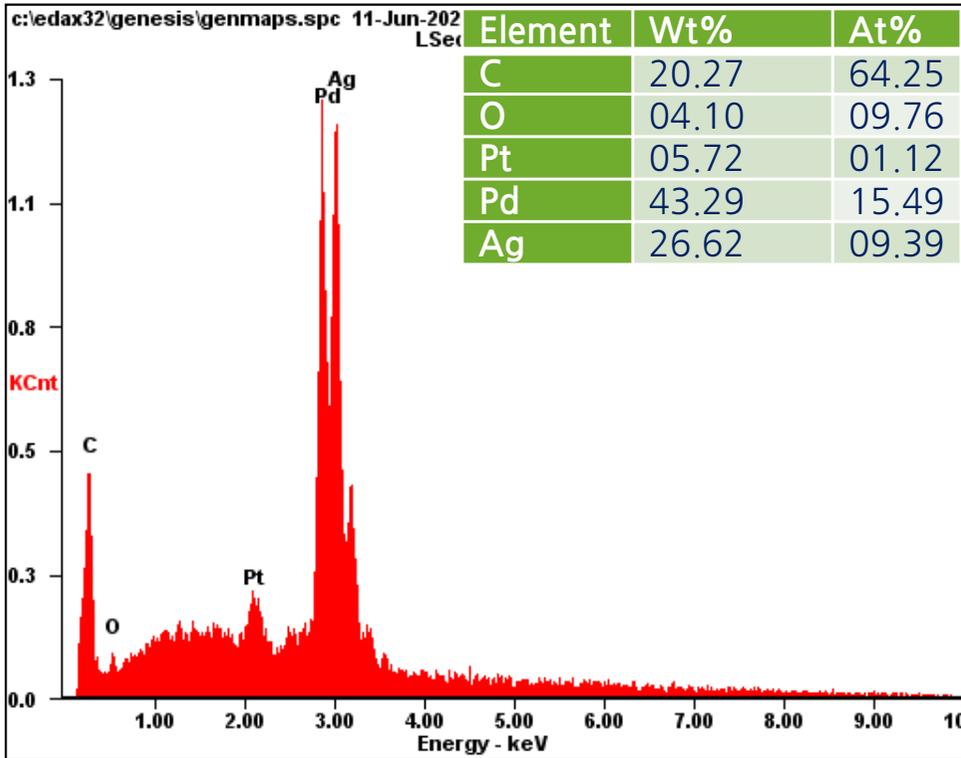
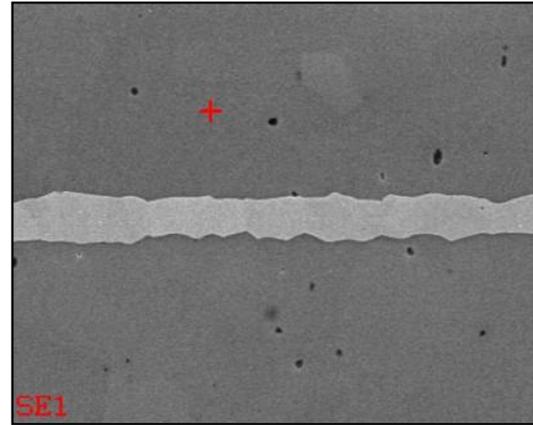
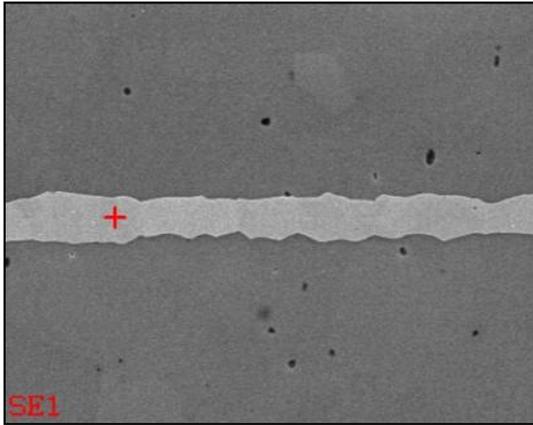


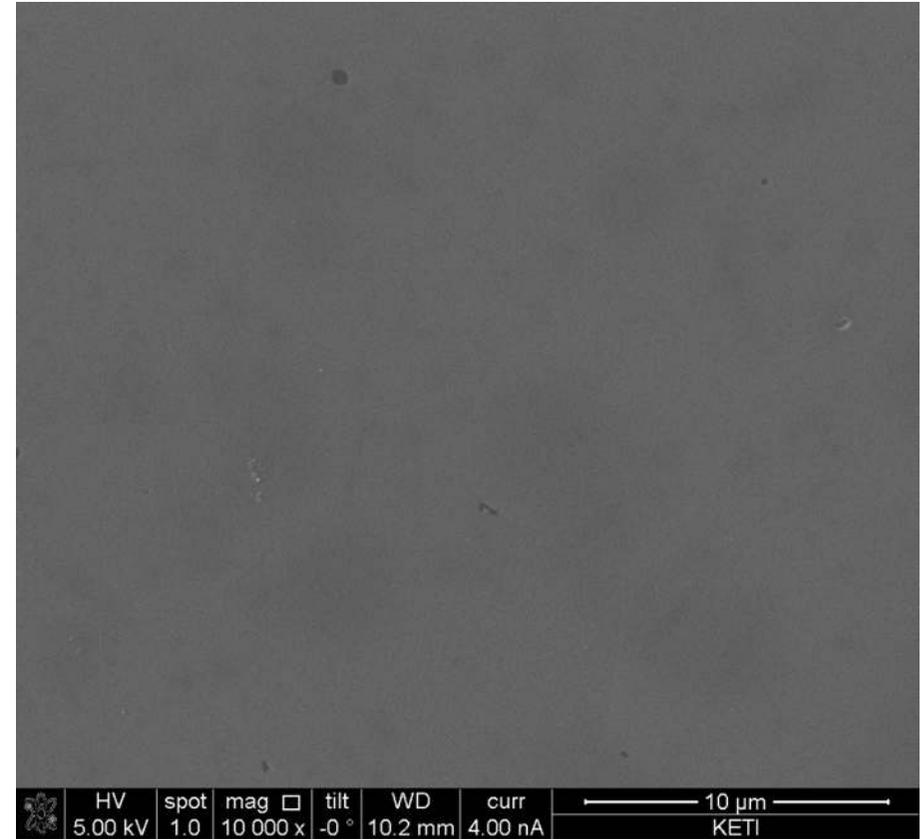
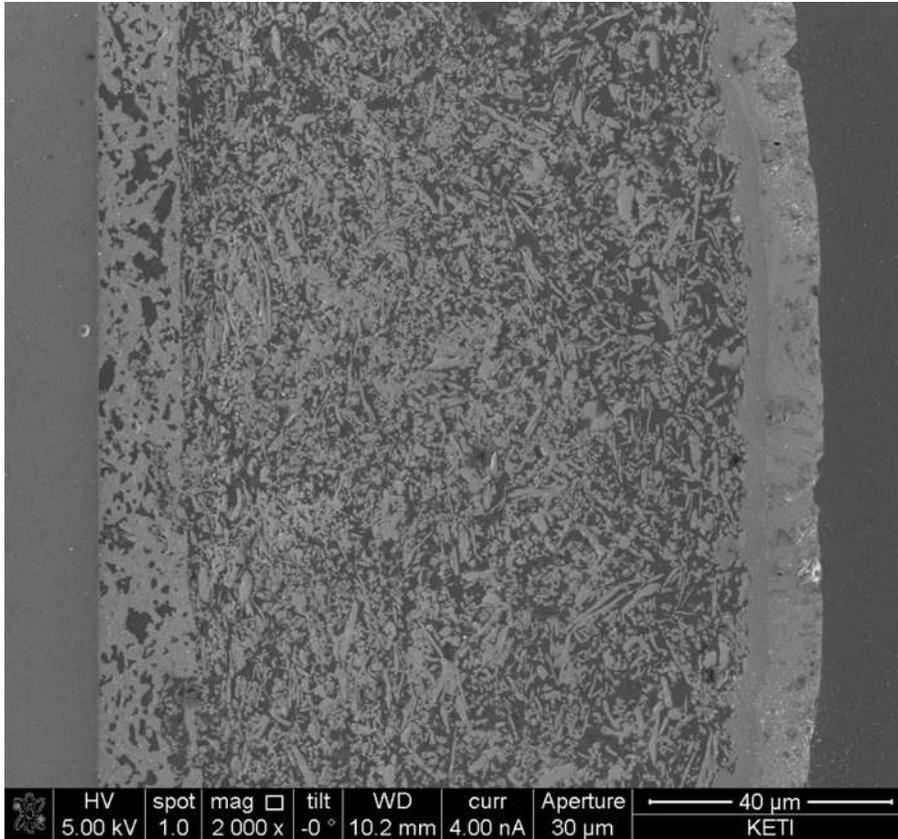
# IV. (Cross section) SEM analyses

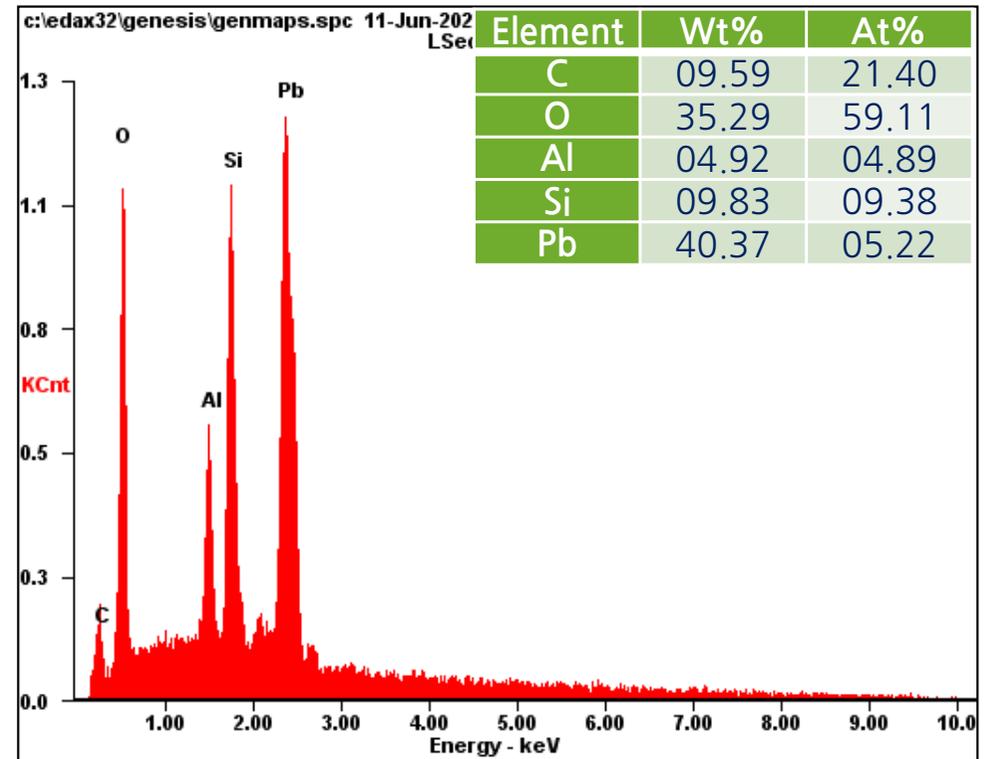
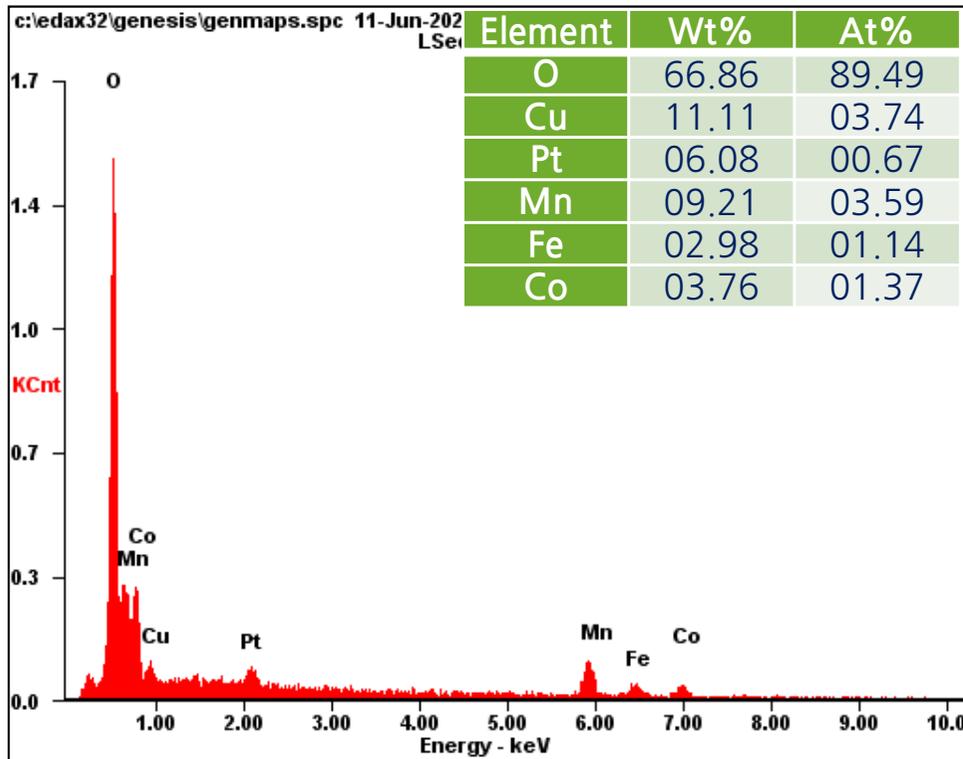
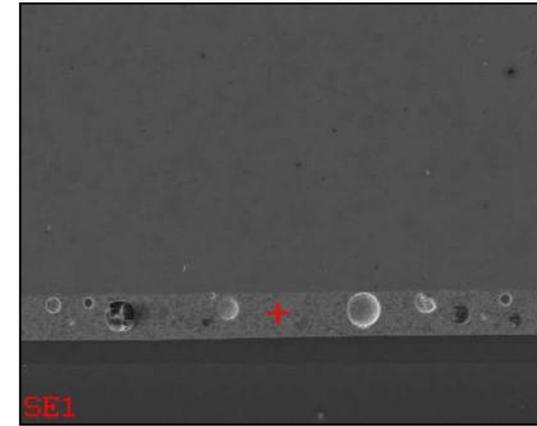
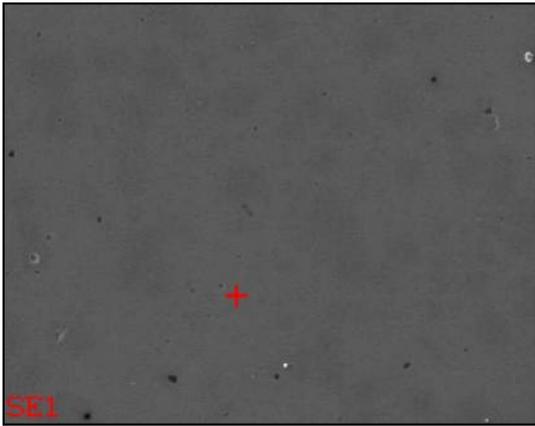


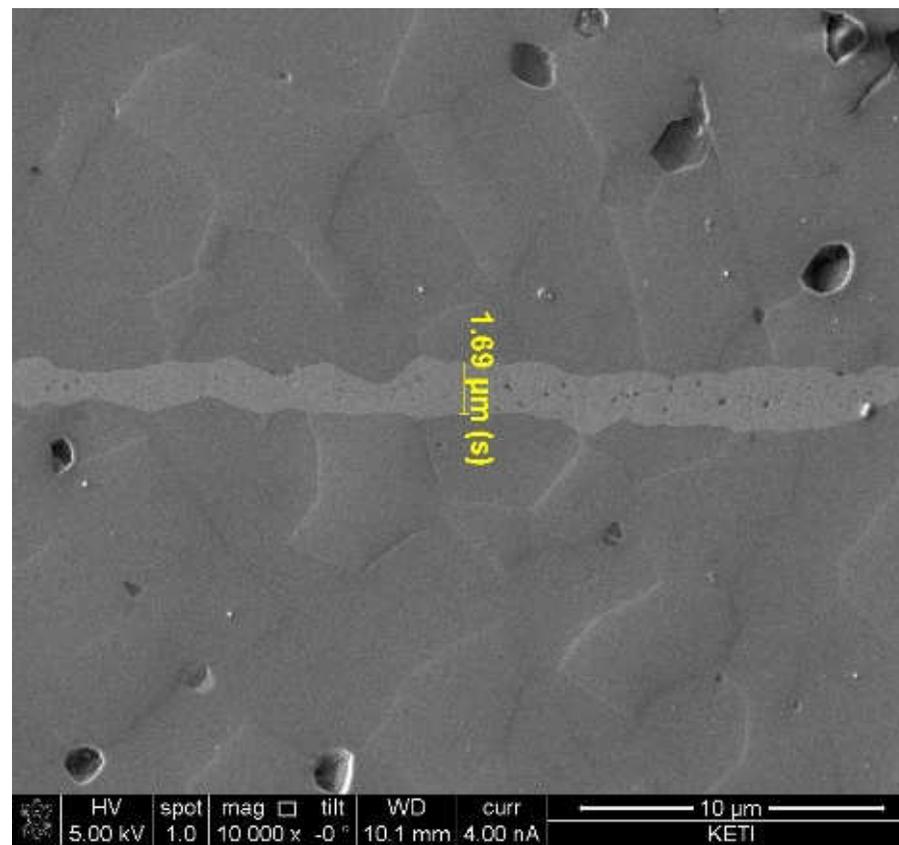
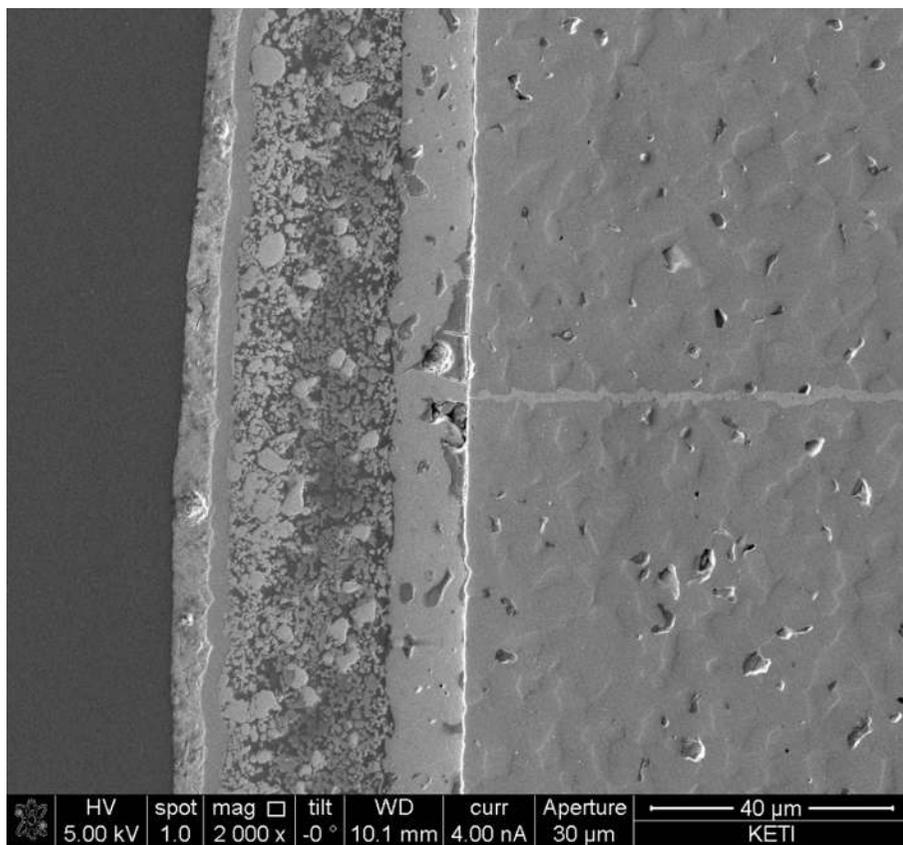
Specimen	SEM analyses		
A	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 150 x 0° 10.0 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 500 μm KETI</p>	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 250 x 0° 10.0 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 300 μm KETI</p>	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 250 x 0° 10.0 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 300 μm KETI</p>
B	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 150 x 0° 10.2 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 500 μm KETI</p>	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 250 x 0° 10.2 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 300 μm KETI</p>	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 250 x 0° 10.2 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 300 μm KETI</p>
C	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 150 x 0° 10.0 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 500 μm KETI</p>	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 250 x 0° 10.0 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 300 μm KETI</p>	 <p>5.00 kV 1.0 250 x 0° 10.0 mm 4.00 nA 30 μm 300 μm KETI</p>

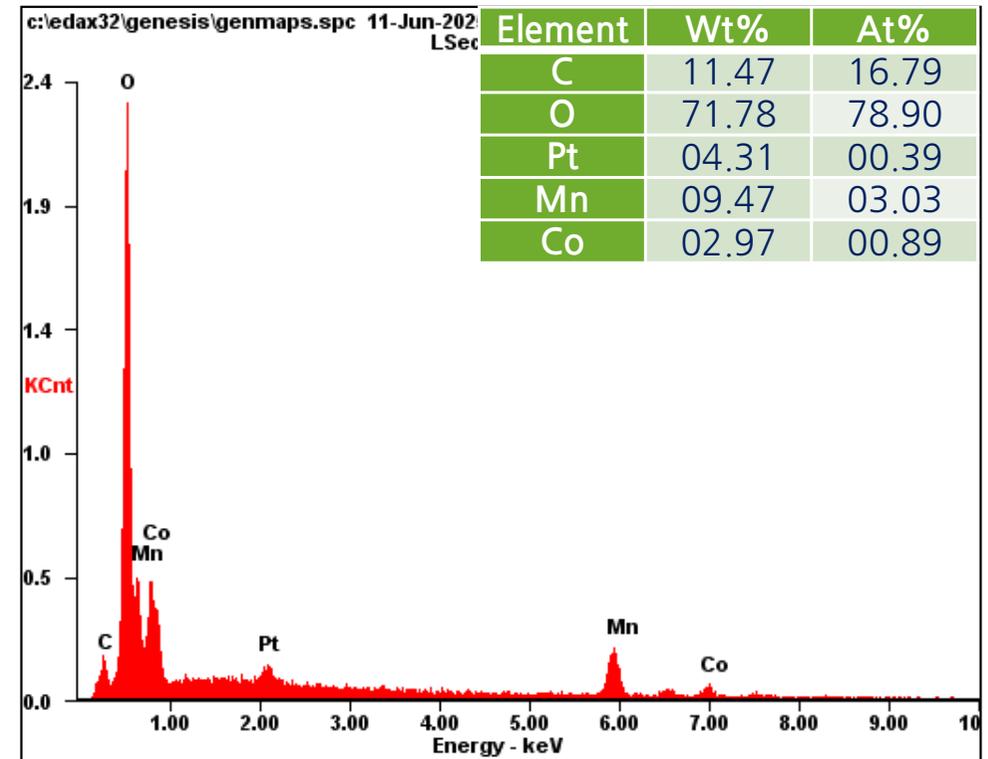
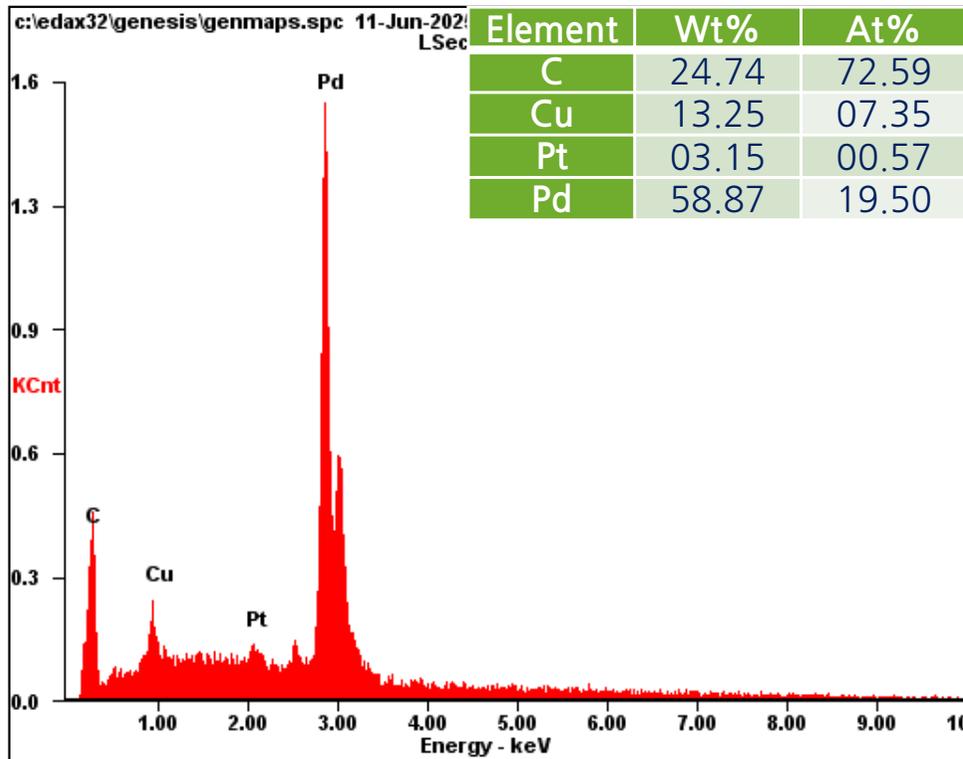
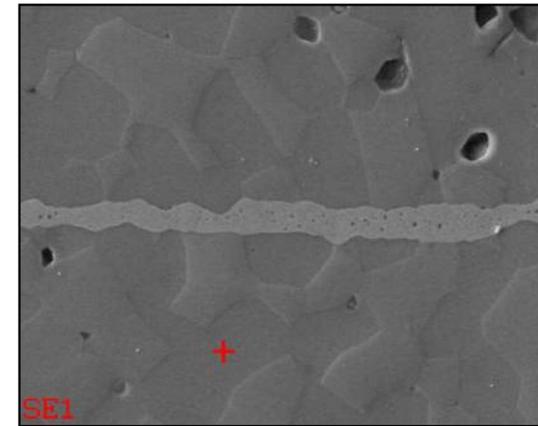
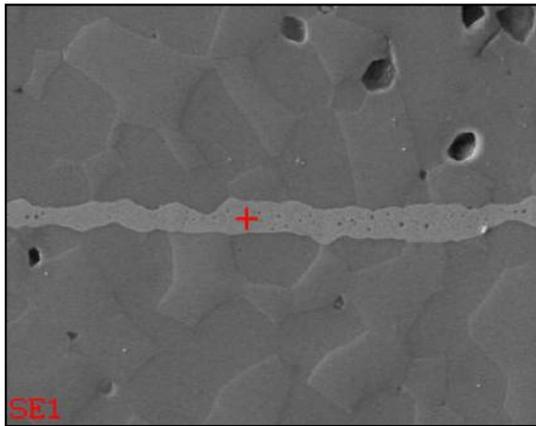






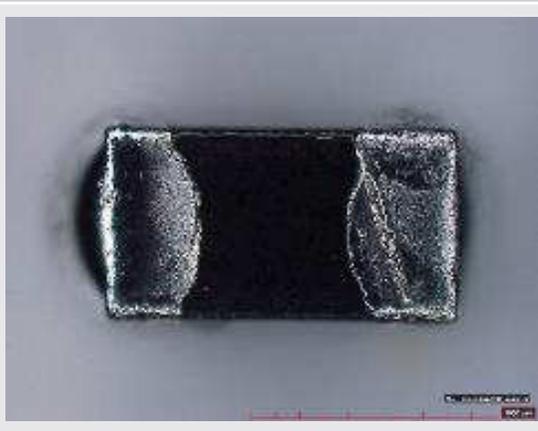






# V. Solderability test

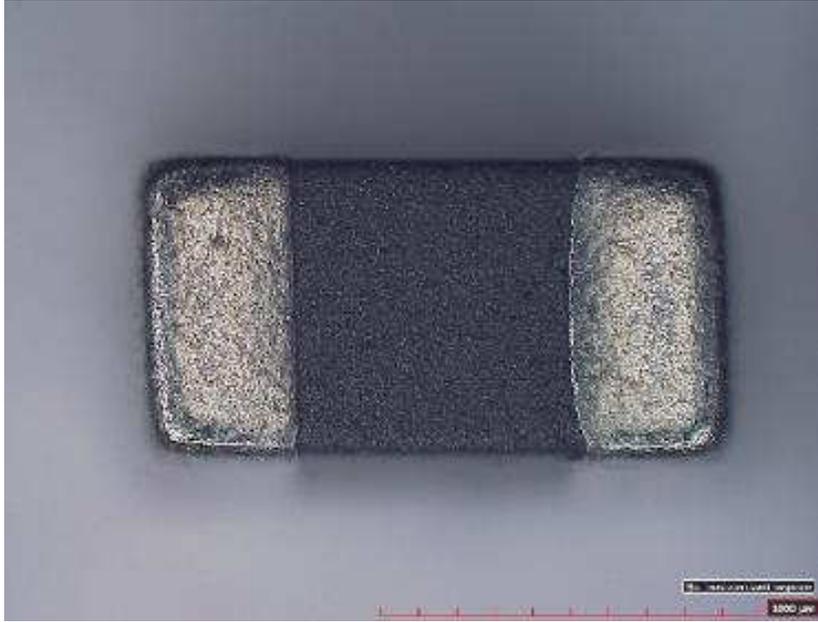


Specimen	Solderability test (before and after)				
A			→		
B			→		
C			→		

Before

After

#  
1



#  
2



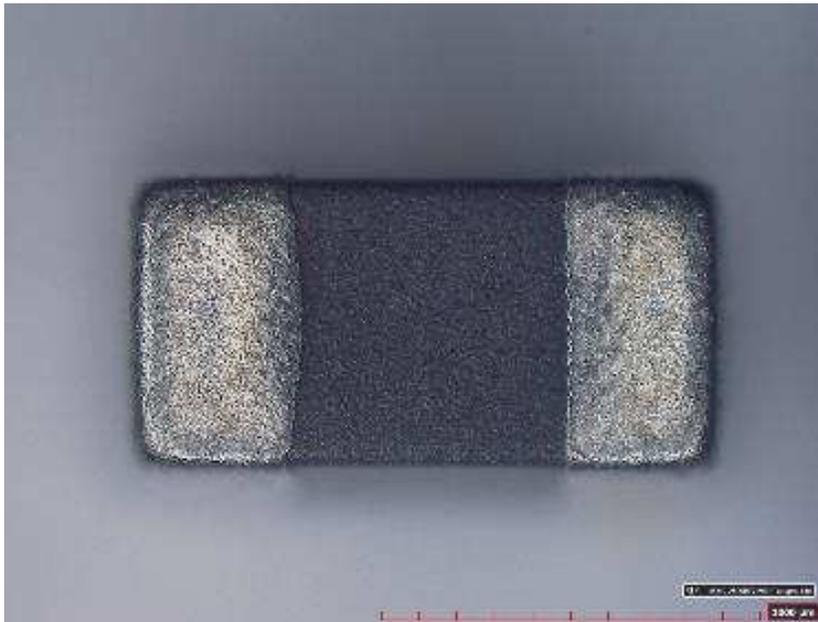
Before

After

#  
3



#  
4



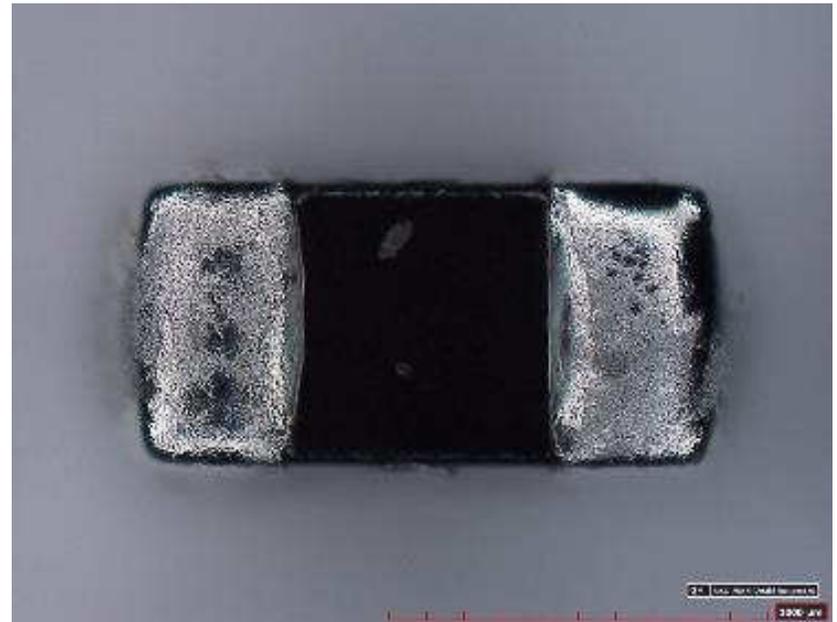
Before

After

#  
5



#  
6



Before

After

#  
7



#  
8



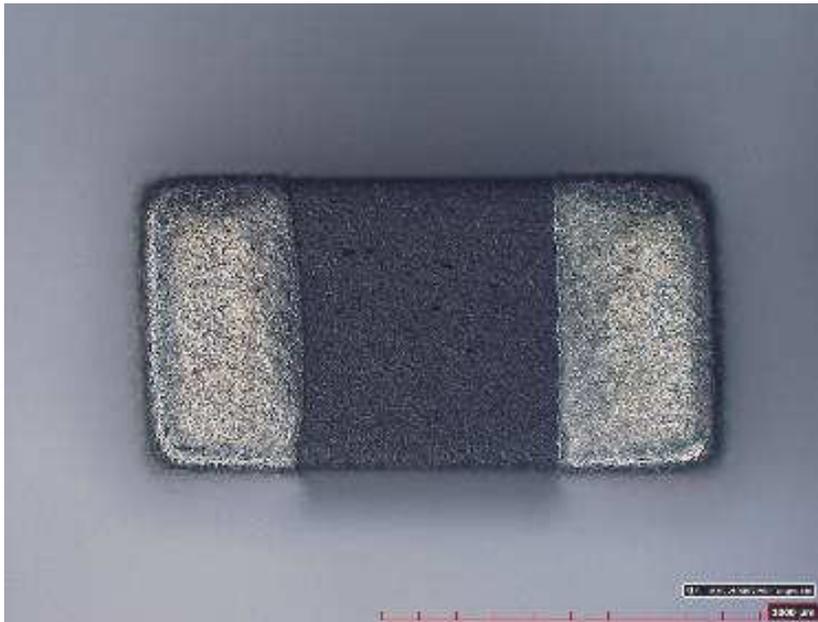
Before

After

#  
9



#1  
0



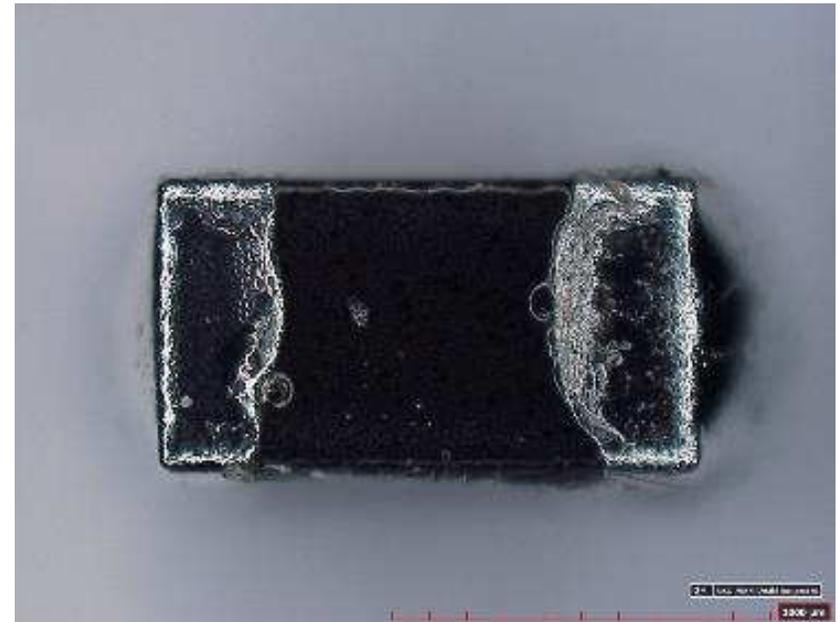
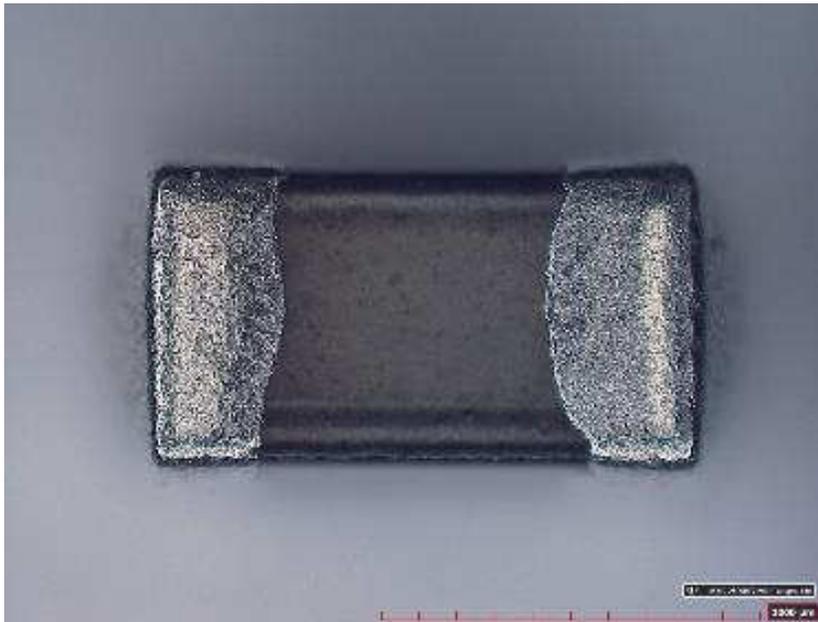
Before

After

#  
1



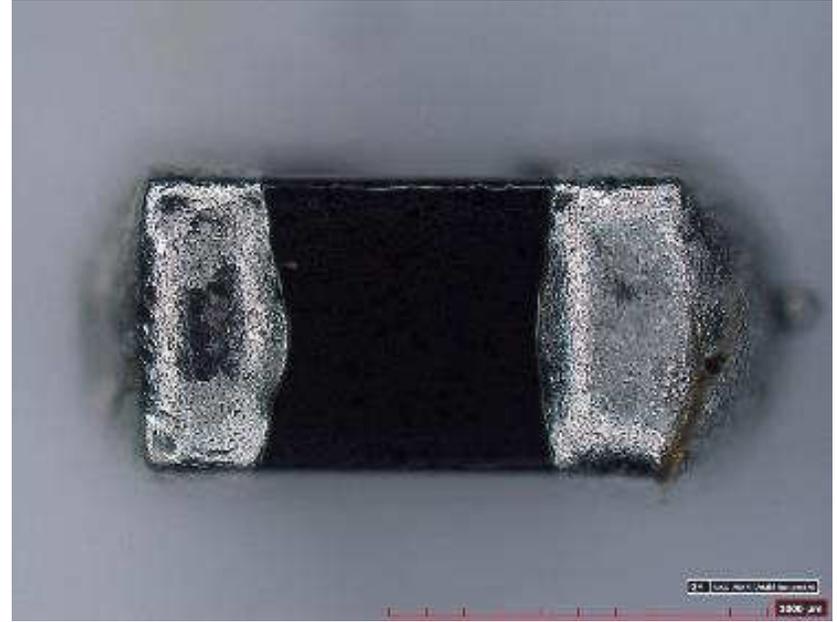
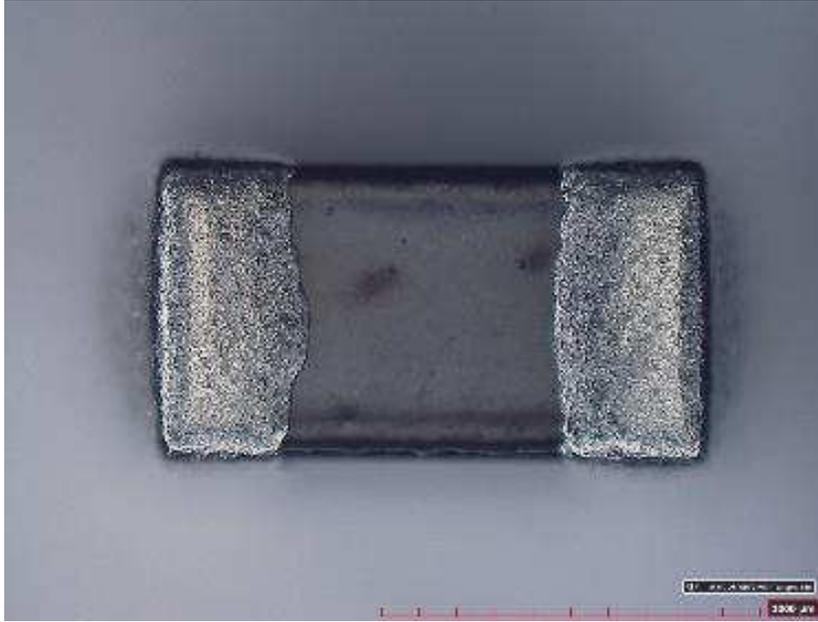
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2



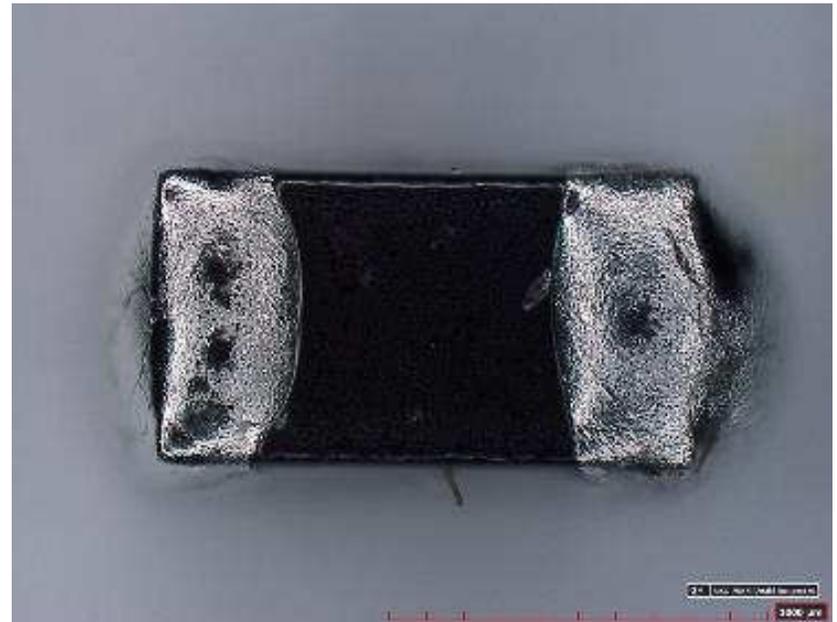
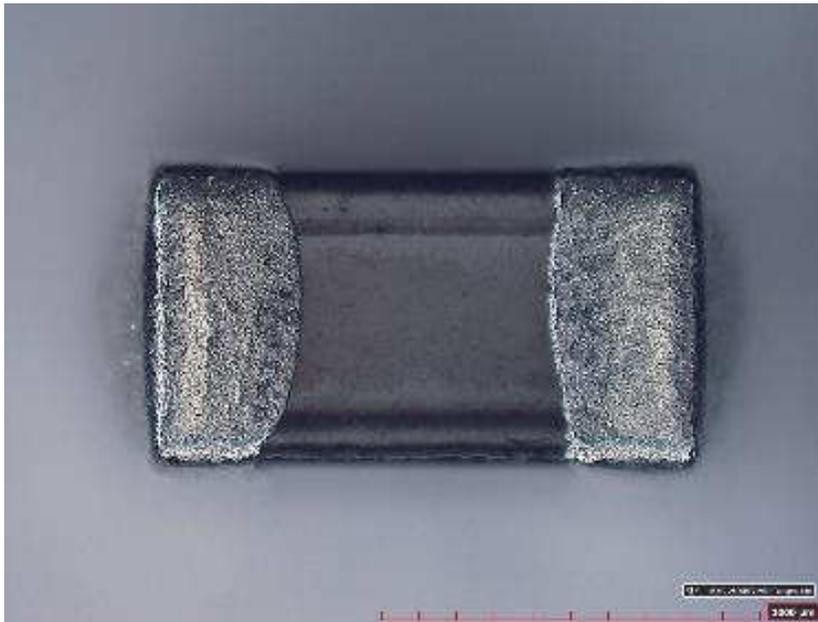
Before

After

#  
3



#  
4



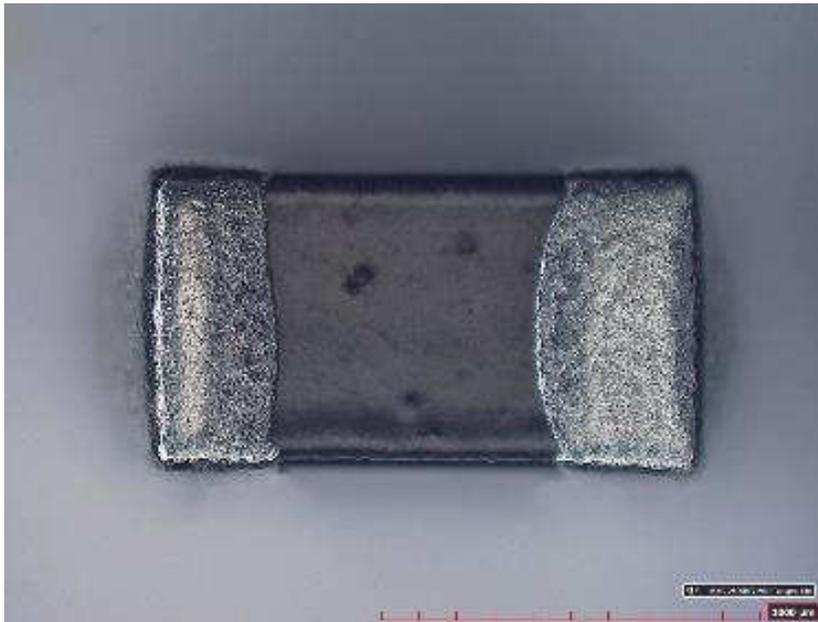
Before

After

#  
5



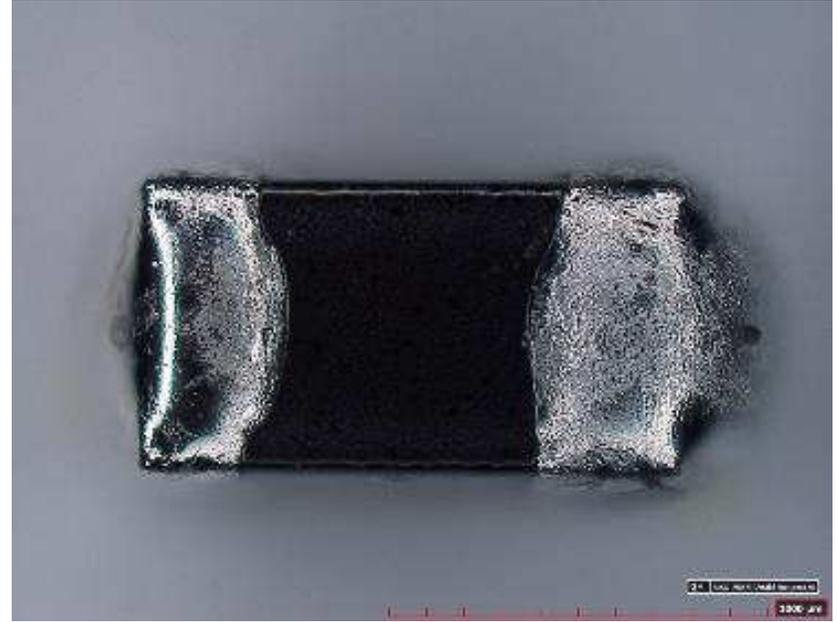
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6



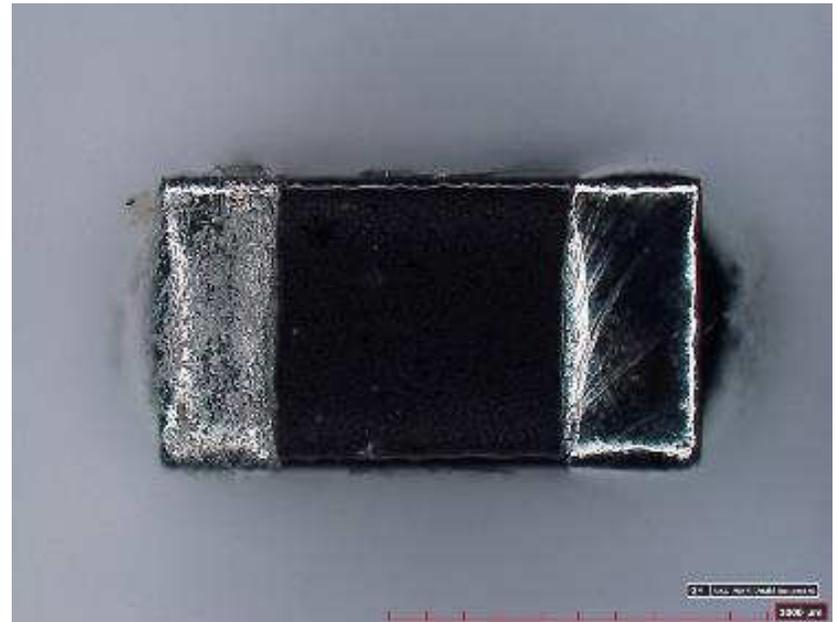
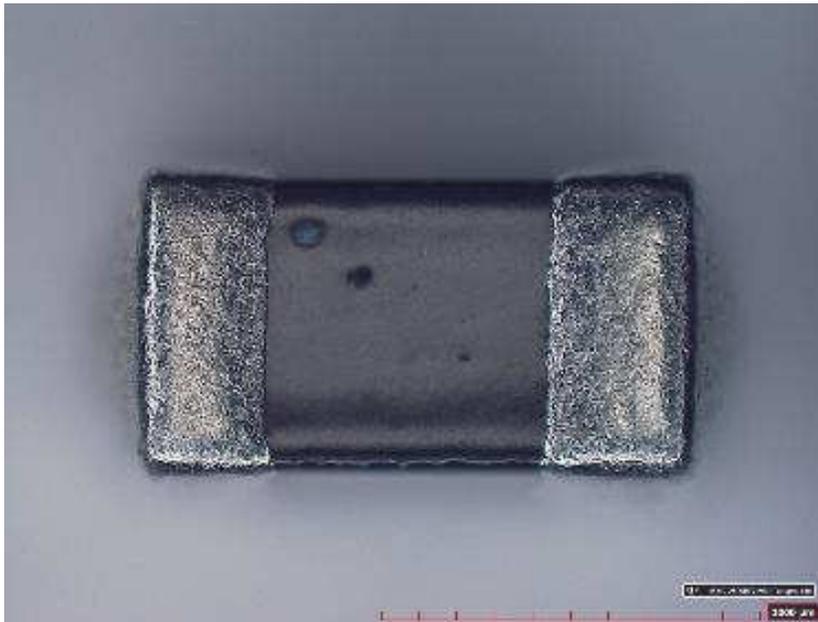
Before

After

#  
7



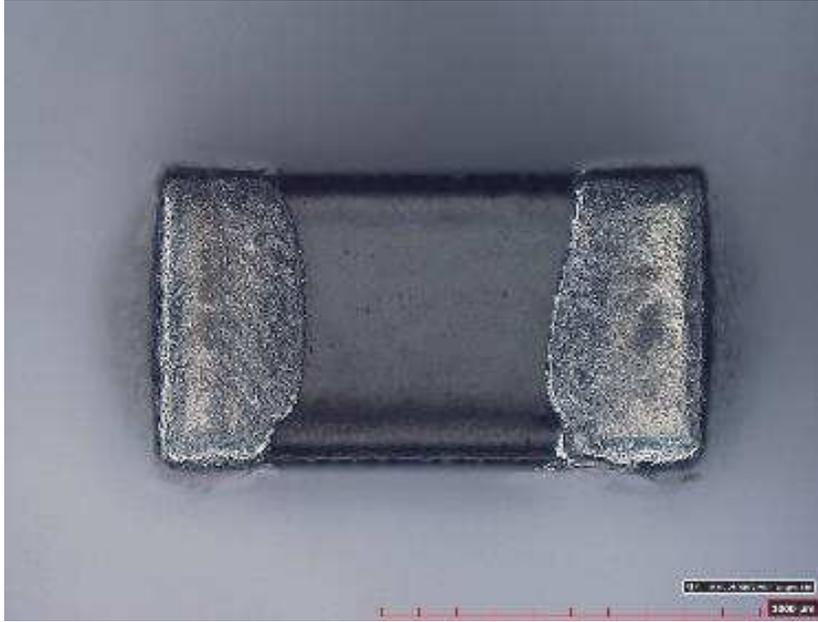
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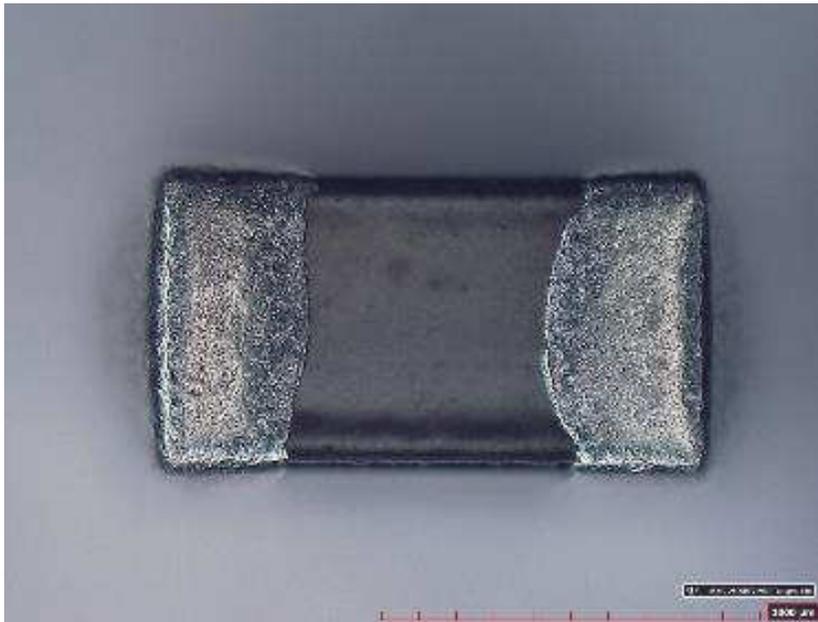
Before

After

#  
9



#1  
0



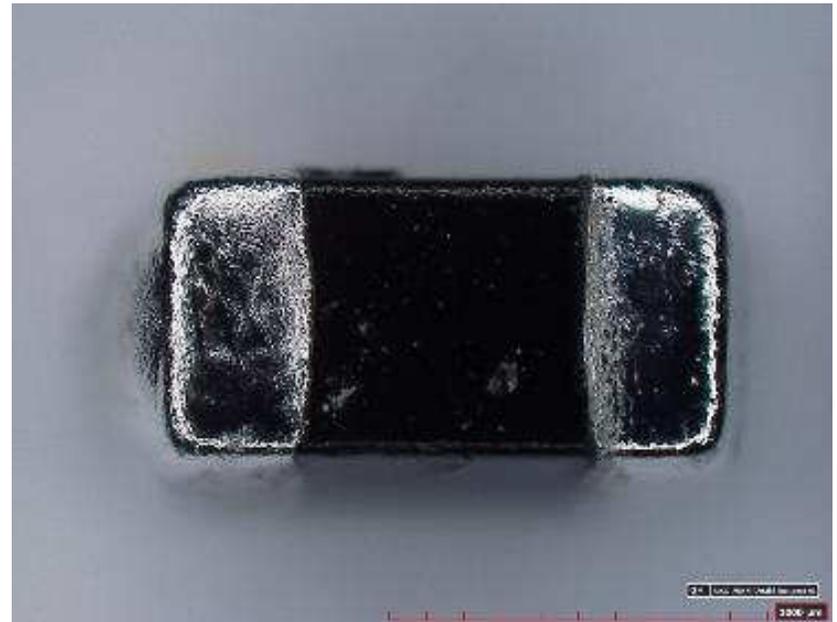
Before

After

#  
1



#  
2



Before

After

#  
3



#  
4



Before

After

#  
5



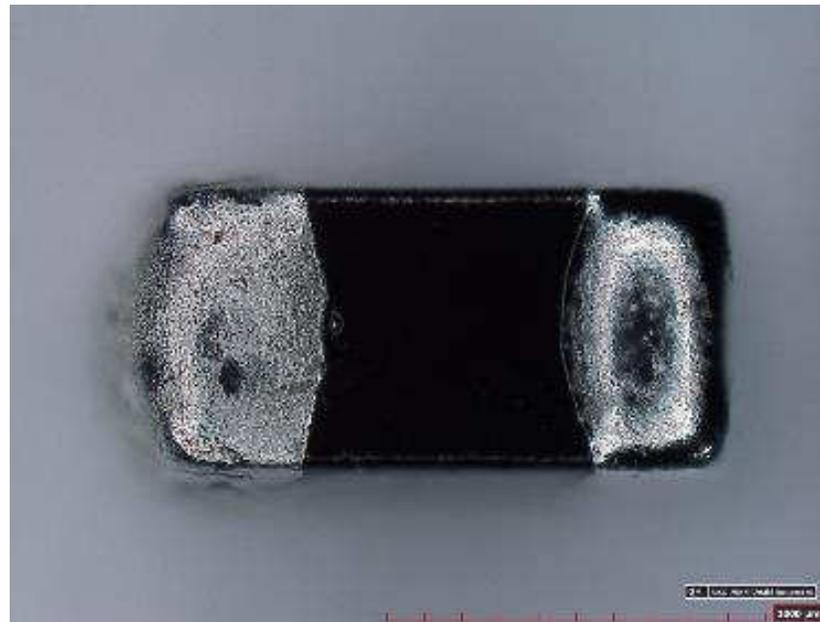
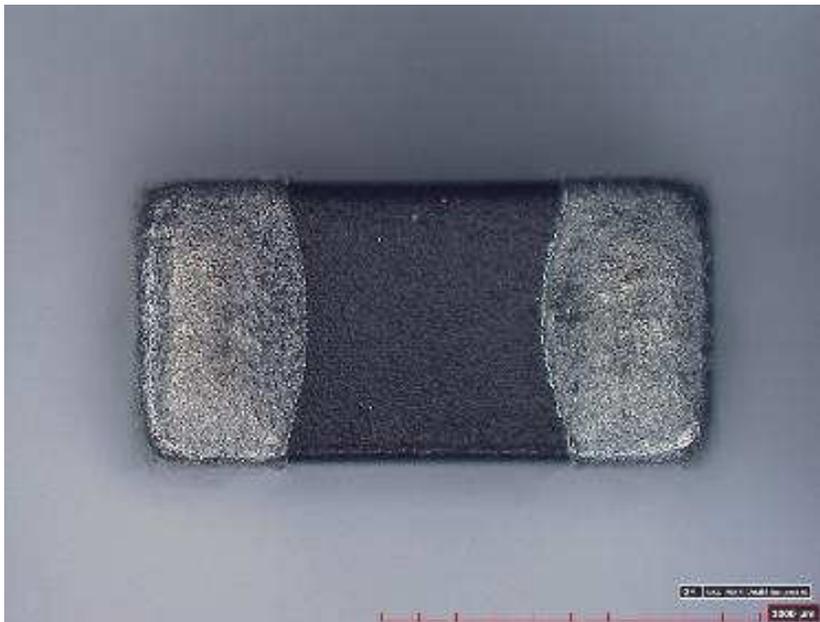
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6



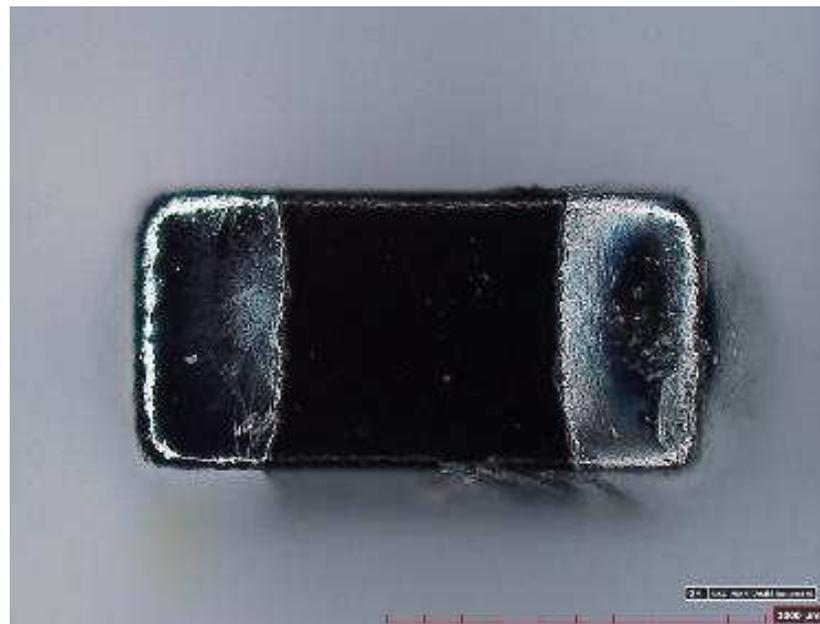
Before

After

#  
7



#  
8



Before

After

#  
9



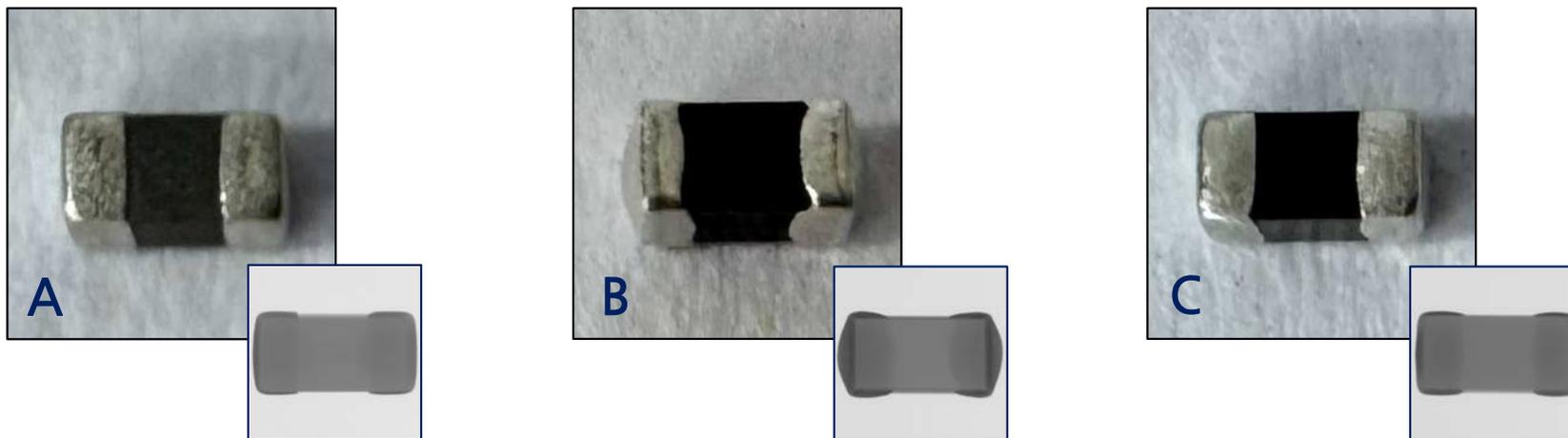
#1  
0



# VI. Summary and conclusions



# Specimens



Sample	Resistance ( $\Omega$ @25°C)	Resistance Tolerance	B Constant (B25/85)	Operation Temp. (°C)
A	10k	$\pm 1\%$	3434k	-55 ~ +150
B	10k	$\pm 1\%$	3434k	-55 ~ +150
C	10k	$\pm 3\%$	3435k	-40 ~ +125

- A社 : Murata (日本) (NCU18XH103F6SRB) ※村田製製作所
- B社 : Vishay (USA) (NTCS0603E3103FLT)
- C社 : JOINSET (韓国) (ECTH160808 103H3435HST)

- 3社のSMD type NTC Thermistorにて、各種環境試験(高温, 低温, 熱衝撃, 耐湿性, 高温高湿負荷、はんだ付け性試験)、内部構造分析(非破壊分析)、内部電極の成分分析(破壊分析)を行う。
- 全ての製品は外部からのストレスによる外形変化はない。
- 3社とも環境試験により主な特性が変わる。
- 抵抗値の変化量を基準にすると、韓国製品は他社製品に比べて外部ストレス（温度、湿度）に対して相対的に耐性が優れており、米国製品は相対的に脆弱である。
- B定数の変化量を基準とすると、韓国製品は他社製品に比べて外部ストレス（温度、湿度）に対して相対的に耐性が優れており、日本製品および米国製品は相対的に脆弱である。
- 内部構造の分析結果、日本製品および韓国製品では内部電極が観察されたが、米国製品では内部電極が観察されなかった。

# KETI試験結果の考察

## ■NTCサーミスタ各種試験結果比較

2025年7月

KETIにて実施しましたNTCサーミスタ製品3社の各種試験結果を比較して纏めました。構造的な問題は有りませんでした。Vishay製品の抵抗値変化率が他社と比較して高い結果となっています。許容値は**±1%**ですが、環境変化にて**適応可否**についての規定が有りません。

試験項目		A: 村田製作所	B: Vishay	C: JOINSET
X線解析		異常なし/異物なし	異常なし/異物なし	異常なし/異物なし
SEM観察/成分分析		異常なし/異物なし	異常なし/単一層※	異常なし/異物なし
高温保存試験 (125°C/500時間)	抵抗変化最大値	0.50%	2.40%	0.37%
	抵抗変化平均値	0.45%	2.30%	0.30%
低温保存試験 (-45°C/500時間)	容量変化最大値	0.39%	-0.09%	-0.09%
	容量変化平均値	0.37%	-0.07%	-0.07%
高湿度保存試験 (85°C/85%RH/500時間)	容量変化最大値	0.86%	2.40%	0.35%
	容量変化平均値	0.83%	2.20%	0.28%
高湿度負荷試験 (85°C/85%RH/DC5V印加/500時間/)	容量変化最大値	0.69%	0.77%	0.64%
	容量変化平均値	0.56%	0.72%	0.53%
サーマルショック試験 (-40°C~85°C変化/15分間隔 200サイクル)	容量変化最大値	0.51%	1.25%	0.52%
	容量変化平均値	0.49%	1.22%	0.50%

※Vishay製品は複数層ではなく単一層構造である(電極は有る)。

